

Elegant Edition
of
Fables.
by
John Gay.



in Two Volumes.

with the Life of the Author.

Sol: 1.
L O N D O N.

Published August 1st 1796, by T. Heptinstall N^o 131 Fleet Street.

CONTENTS.

VOL. I.

	Page
INTRODUCTION TO THE FABLES.	
THE Shepherd and the Philosopher	1
FABLE I.	
The Lion, the Tyger, and the Traveller	5
FABLE II.	
The Spaniel and the Cameleon	9
FABLE III.	
The Mother, the Nurse, and the Fairy	11
FABLE IV.	
The Eagle, and the Assembly of Animals	13
FABLE V.	
The Wild Boar and the Ram	16
FABLE VI.	
The Miser and Plutus	18
FABLE VII.	
The Lion, the Fox, and the Geese	21
FABLE VIII.	
The Lady and the Wasp	23
FABLE IX.	
The Bull and the Mastiff	26
FABLE X.	
The Elephant and the Bookseller	28

CONTENTS.

	Page
FABLE XI.	
The Peacock, the Turkey, and the Goose	32
FABLE XII.	
Cupid, Hymen, and Plutus	34
FABLE XIII.	
The Tame Stag	37
FABLE XIV.	
The Monkey who had seen the World	39
FABLE XV.	
The Philosopher and the Pheasants	42
FABLE XVI.	
The Pin and the Needle	44
FABLE XVII.	
The Shepherd's Dog and the Wolf	47
FABLE XVIII.	
The Painter who pleased no body and every body	49
FABLE XIX.	
The Lion and the Cub	52
FABLE XX.	
The old Hen and the Cock	54
FABLE XXI.	
The Rat-Catcher and Cats	57
FABLE XXII.	
The Goat without a Beard	60
FABLE XXIII.	
The old Woman and her Cats	63
FABLE XXIV.	
The Butterfly and the Snail	65

CONTENTS.

	Page
FABLE XXV.	
The Scold and the Parrot	67
FABLE XXVI.	
The Cur and the Mastiff	69
FABLE XXVII.	
The sick Man and the Angel	71
FABLE XXVIII.	
The Persian, the Sun, and the Cloud	74
FABLE XXIX.	
The Fox at the Point of Death	76
FABLE XXX.	
The Setting-Dog and the Partridge	79
FABLE XXXI.	
The Universal Apparition	81
FABLE XXXII.	
The Two Owls and the Sparrow	84
FABLE XXXIII.	
The Courtier and Proteus	86
FABLE XXXIV.	
The Mastiffs	89
FABLE XXXV.	
The Barley-Mow and the Dunghill	91
FABLE XXXVI.	
Pythagoras and the Countryman	94
FABLE XXXVII.	
The Farmer's Wife and the Raven	96
FABLE XXXVIII.	
The Turkey and the Ant	99

CONTENTS.

	Page
FABLE XXXIX.	
The Father and Jupiter	101
FABLE XL.	
The Two Monkeys	104
FABLE XLI.	
The Owl and the Farmer	107
FABLE XLII.	
The Jugglers	109
FABLE XLIII.	
The Council of Horses	113
FABLE XLIV.	
The Hound and the Huntsman	116
FABLE XLV.	
The Poet and the Rose	118
FABLE XLVI.	
The Cur, the Horse, and the Shepherd's Dog	120
FABLE XLVII.	
The Court of Death	122
FABLE XLVIII.	
The Gardener and the Hog	125
FABLE XLIX.	
The Man and the Flea	128
FABLE L.	
The Hare and Many Friends	130

INTRODUCTION

TO THE

FABLES.

PART THE FIRST.



THE SHEPHERD AND THE PHILOSOPHER.

REMOTE from cities liv'd a swain,
Unvex'd with all the cares of gain ;
His head was silver'd o'er with age,
And long experience made him sage ;
In summer's heat, and winter's cold,
He fed his flock and penn'd the fold ;
His hours in cheerful labour flew,
Nor envy nor ambition knew :

His wisdom and his honest fame
Through all the country rais'd his name.

A deep PHILOSOPHER (whose rules
Of moral life were drawn from schools)
The shepherd's homely cottage sought,
And thus explor'd his reach of thought.

Whence is thy learning? Hath thy toil
O'er books consum'd the midnight oil?
Hast thou old GREECE and ROME survey'd,
And the vast sense of PLATO weigh'd?
Hath SOCRATES thy soul refin'd,
And hast thou fathom'd TULLY's mind?
Or, like the wise ULYSSES, thrown,
By various fates, on realms unknown?
Hast thou through many cities stray'd,
Their customs, laws, and manners weigh'd?

The SHEPHERD modestly reply'd,
I ne'er the paths of learning try'd;
Nor have I roam'd in foreign parts
To read mankind, their laws and arts;
For man is practis'd in disguise,
He cheats the most discerning eyes;
Who by that search shall wiser grow,
When we ourselves can never know?
The little knowledge I have gain'd,
Was all from simple nature drain'd;

Hence my life's maxims took their rise,
Hence grew my settled hate to vice.
The daily labours of the BEE
Awake my soul to industry.
Who can observe the careful ANT,
And not provide for future want?
My DOG (the trustiest of his kind)
With gratitude inflames my mind.
I mark his true, his faithful way,
And in my service copy TRAY.
In constancy and nuptial love,
I learn my duty from the DOVE.
The HEN, who from the chilly air,
With pious wing protects her care;
And ev'ry fowl that flies at large,
Instructs me in a parent's charge.

From NATURE too I take my rule,
To shun contempt and ridicule.
I never, with important air,
In conversation overbear.
Can grave and formal pass for wise,
When men the solemn OWL despise?
My tongue within my lips I rein;
For who talks much, must talk in vain.
We from the wordy torrent fly:
Who listens to the chatt'ring PIE?
Nor would I, with felonious flight,
By stealth invade my neighbour's right.

Rapacious animals we hate :
KITES, HAWKS, and WOLVES, deserve their fate.
Do not we just abhorrence find
Against the TOAD and SERPENT kind ?
But ENVY, CALUMNY, and SPITE,
Bear stronger venom in their bite.
Thus ev'ry object of creation
Can furnish hints to contemplation ;
And from the most minute and mean,
A virtuous mind can morals glean.

Thy fame is just, the SAGE replies ;
Thy virtue proves thee truly wise.
Pride often guides the AUTHOR's pen,
Books as affected are as men :
But he who studies NATURE's laws,
From certain truth his maxims draws ;
And those, without our schools, suffice
To make men moral, good, and wise.





Owen Sculp

TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS
WILLIAM, DUKE OF CUMBERLAND.

THE LION, THE TYGER, AND THE TRAVELLER.

ACCEPT, young PRINCE, the moral lay,
And in these tales mankind survey;
With early virtues plant your breast,
The specious arts of vice detest.

Princes, like beauties, from their youth
Are strangers to the voice of truth;
Learn to condemn all praise betimes;
For flattery's the nurse of crimes;
Friendship by sweet reproof is shown;
(A virtue never near a throne);
In courts such freedom must offend,
There none presumes to be a friend.

To those of your exalted station
Each courtier is a dedication.
Must I too flatter like the rest,
And turn my morals to a jest ?
The MUSE disdains to steal from those,
Who thrive in courts by fulsome prose.

But shall I hide your real praise,
Or tell you what a nation says ?
They in your infant bosom trace
The virtues of your royal race ;
In the fair dawning of your mind
Discern you gen'rous, mild, and kind :
They see you grieve to hear distress,
And pant already to redress ;
Go on, the height of good attain,
Nor let a nation hope in vain.
For hence we justly may presage
The virtues of a riper age.
True courage shall your bosom fire,
And future actions own your sire.
Cowards are cruel, but the brave
Love mercy, and delight to save.

A TYGER roaming for his prey,
Sprung on a TRAV'LER in the way ;
The prostrate game a LION spies,
And on the greedy tyrant flies ;
With mingled roar resounds the wood,
Their teeth, their claws, distil with blood ;

'Till vanquish'd by the LION's strength,
The spotted foe extends his length.
The man besought the shaggy lord,
And on his knees for life implor'd.
His life the gen'rous hero gave;
Together walking to his cave,
The LION thus bespoke his guest :—

What hardy beast shall dare contest
My matchless strength ! you saw the fight,
And must attest my pow'r and right.
Forc'd to forego their native home,
My starving slaves at distance roam.
Within these woods I reign alone,
The boundless forest is my own.
BEARS, WOLVES, and all the savage brood,
Have dy'd the regal den with blood,
These carcasses on either hand,
Those bones that whiten all the land,
My former deeds and triumphs tell,
Beneath these jaws what numbers fell !

True, says the MAN, the strength I saw
Might well the brutal nation awe :
But shall a monarch, brave like you,
Place glory in so false a view ?
Robbers invade their neighbour's right.
Be lov'd : let justice bound your might.
Mean are ambitious heroes, boasts
Of wasted lands and slaughter'd hosts.

Pirates their pow'r by murders gain,
Wise kings by love and mercy reign.
To me your clemency hath shown
The virtue worthy of a throne.
Heav'n gives you pow'r above the rest,
Like Heav'n to succour the distress.

The case is plain, the MONARCH said;
False glory hath my youth misled;
For beasts of prey, a servile train,
Have been the flatt'ers of my reign.
You reason well: yet tell me, friend,
Did ever you in courts attend?
For all my fawning rogues agree,
That human heroes rule like me.



*Symphers . sculpt .*

THE SPANIEL AND THE CAMELEON.

A SPANIEL, bred with all the care
 That waits upon a fav'rite heir,
 Ne'er felt correction's rigid hand ;
 Indulg'd to disobey command.
 In pamper'd ease his hours were spent ;
 He never knew what learning meant.
 Such forward airs, so pert, so smart,
 Were sure to win his lady's heart ;
 Each little mischief gain'd him praise ;
 How pretty were his fawning ways !

The wind was south, the morning fair,
 He ventures forth to take the air.
 He ranges all the meadow round,
 And rolls upon the softest ground ;
 When near him a CAMELEON seen
 Was scarce distinguish'd from the green.

Dear emblem of the flatt'ring host,
What, live with clowns ! a genius lost !
To cities and the court repair ;
A fortune cannot fail thee there ;
Preferment shall thy talents crown.
Believe me, friend, I know the town.

Sir, says the sycophant, like you,
Of old, politer life I knew ;
Like you, a courtier born and bred,
King's lean'd their ear to what I said.
My whisper always met success ;
The ladies prais'd me for address.
I knew to hit each courtier's passion,
And flatter'd every vice in fashion.
But JOVE, who hates the liar's ways,
At once cut short my prosp'rous days,
And, sentenc'd to retain my nature,
Transform'd me to this crawling creature.
Doom'd to a life obscure and mean,
I wander in the sylvan scene.
For JOVE the heart alone regards ;
He punishes what man rewards.
How diff'rent is thy case and mine !
With men, at least, you sup and dine ;
While I, condemn'd to thinnest fare,
Like those I flatter'd, feed on air.



THE MOTHER, THE NURSE, AND THE FAIRY.

GIVE me a son. The blessing sent,
 Were ever parents more content?
 How partial are their doting eyes!
 No child is half so fair and wise.

Wak'd to the morning's pleasing care,
 The MOTHER rose, and sought her heir;
 She saw the NURSE, like one possess'd,
 With wringing hands, and sobbing breast.

Sure some disaster has befel!—
 Speak, NURSE; I hope the BOY is well.

Dear madam, think not me to blame;
 Invisible the FAIRY came:
 Your precious babe is hence convey'd,
 And in the place a changling laid;

Where are the father's mouth and nose,
The mother's eyes, as black as sloes ?
See here a shocking aukward creature,
That speaks a fool in ev'y feature.

The woman's blind, the MOTHER cries;
I see wit sparkle in his eyes.

Lord ! madam, what a squinting leer !
No doubt the FAIRY hath been here.

Just as she spoke, a PIGMY SPRITE
Pops through the key-hole, swift as light,
Perch'd on the cradle's top he stands,
And thus her folly reprimands—

Whence sprung the vain conceited lie,
That we the world with fools supply ?
What ! give our sprightly race away,
For the dull helpless sons of clay !
Besides, by partial fondness shown,
Like you, we dote upon our own.
Where yet was ever found a mother,
Who gave her booby for another !
And, should we change with human breed,
Well might we pass for fools indeed.



THE EAGLE, AND THE ASSEMBLY OF ANIMALS.

AS JUPITER's all-seeing eye
Survey'd the worlds beneath the sky,
From this small speck of earth were sent
Murmurs and sounds of discontent ;
For ev'ry thing alive complain'd
That he the hardest life sustain'd.

JOVE calls his EAGLE. At the word
Before him stands the royal bird.
The bird, obedient, from heav'n's height
Downward directs his rapid flight ;
Then cited ev'ry living thing,
To hear the mandates of his king.

Ungrateful creatures ! whence arise
These murmurs which offend the skies ?

Why this disorder? say the cause:
For just are JOVE's eternal laws.
Let each his discontent reveal.
To yon sour dog I first appeal.

Hard is my lot, the HOUND replies,
On what fleet nerves the GREYHOUND flies!
While I, with weary step and slow,
O'er plains, and vales, and mountains, go;
The morning sees my chase begun,
Nor ends it till the setting sun.

When, says the GREYHOUND, I pursue,
My game is lost, or caught in view,
Beyond my sight the prey's secure:
The hound is slow, but always sure.
And, had I his sagacious scent,
JOVE ne'er had heard my discontent.

The LION crav'd the FOX's art;
The FOX, the LION's force and heart;
The COCK implor'd the PIGEON's flight,
Whose wings were rapid, strong, and light;
The PIGEON strength of wing despis'd,
And the COCK's matchless valour priz'd:
The FISHES wish'd to graze the plain,
The BEASTS to skim beneath the main.
Thus, envious of another's state,
Each blam'd the partial hand of FATE.

The bird of heav'n then cry'd aloud—
Jove bids disperse the murm'ring crowd :
The GOD rejects your idle pray'rs.
Would ye, rebellious mutineers,
Entirely change your name and nature,
And be the very envy'd creature ?
What, silent all, and none consent !
Be happy then, and learn content.
Nor imitate the restless mind,
And proud ambition, of mankind.





THE WILD BOAR AND THE RAM.

AGAINST an elm a SHEEP was ty'd,
 The butcher's knife in blood was dy'd;
 The patient flock, in silent fright,
 From far beheld the horrid sight.
 A savage BOAR, who near them stood,
 Thus mock'd to scorn the fleecy brood—

All cowards should be serv'd like you.
 See, see, your murd'rer is in view;
 With purple hands and reeking knife
 He strips the skin, yet warm with life:
 Your quarter'd sires, your bleeding dams,
 The dying bleat of harmless LAMBS,
 Call for revenge. O stupid race!
 The heart that wants revenge is base.

I grant, an ancient RAM replies,
 We bear no terror in our eyes;

Yet think us not of soul so tame,
Which no repeated wrongs inflame;
Insensible of ev'ry ill,
Because we want thy tusks to kill:
Know, those who violence pursue
Give to themselves the vengeance due,
For in these massacres they find
The two chief plagues that waste mankind.
Our skin supplies the wrangling bar,
It wakes their slumb'ring sons to war;
And well revenge may rest contented,
Since drums and parchment were invented.





THE MISER AND PLUTUS.

THE wind was high ; the window shakes ;
 With sudden start the MISER wakes,
 Along the silent room he stalks,
 Looks back and trembles as he walks ;
 Each lock, and ev'ry bolt, he tries ;
 In ev'ry creek and corner pries ;
 Then opes the chest with treasure stor'd,
 And stands in rapture o'er his hoard.
 But now, with sudden qualms possest,
 He wrings his hand, he beats his breast :
 By conscience stung he wildly stares,
 And thus his guilty soul declares—

Had the deep earth her stores confin'd,
 This heart had known sweet peace of mind.
 But virtue's sold. Good gods, what price
 Can recompense the pangs of vice !

O bane of good ! seducing cheat !
Can man, weak man, thy pow'r defeat ?
Gold banish'd honour from the mind,
And only left the name behind ;
Gold sow'd the world with ev'ry ill ;
Gold taught the murd'rer's sword to kill ;
'Twas gold instructed coward hearts
In treach'ry's more pernicious arts :
Who can recount the mischiefs o'er !
Virtue resides on earth no more !

He spoke, and sigh'd. In angry mood
PLUTUS, his god, before him stood ;
The MISER trembling lock'd his chest,
The VISION frown'd, and thus addrest :—

Whence is this vile ungrateful rant ?
Each sordid rascal's daily cant :
Did I, base wretch ! corrupt mankind ?
The fault's in thy rapacious mind.
Because my blessings are abus'd,
Must I be censur'd, curst, accus'd ?
Ev'n virtue's self by knaves is made
A cloke to carry on the trade,
And pow'r, when lodg'd in their possession,
Grows tyranny, and rank oppression.
Thus, when the villain crams his chest,
Gold is the canker of the breast ;
'Tis av'rice, insolence, and pride,
And ev'ry shocking vice beside.

But, when to virtuous hands 'tis given,
It blesses, like the dews of heaven ;
Like heav'n, it hears the orphan's cries,
And wipes the tears from widows' eyes.
Their crimes on gold shall MISERS lay,
Who pawn'd their sordid souls for pay ?
Let bravos then, when blood is spilt,
Upbraid the passive sword with guilt.





THE LION, THE FOX, AND THE GEESE.

A LION, tir'd with state affairs,
Quite sick of pomp, and worn with cares,
Resolv'd, remote from noise and strife,
In peace to pass his latter life.

It was proclaim'd ; the day was set ;
Behold the gen'ral council met.
The FOX was viceroy nam'd. The crowd
To the new regent humbly bow'd :
Wolves, bears, and mighty tigers, bend,
And strive who most shall condescend.
He straight assumes a solemn grace,
Collects his wisdom in his face.
The crowd admire his wit, his sense,
Each word hath weight and consequence ;
The flatt'rer all his art displays :
He who hath pow'r is sure of praise.

A FOX stept forth before the rest,
And thus the servile throng address:—

How vast his talents, born to rule,
And train'd in virtue's honest school !
What clemency his temper sways !
How uncorrupt are all his ways !
Beneath his conduct and command
Rapine shall cease to waste the land ;
His brain hath stratagem and art ,
Prudence and mercy rule his heart.
What blessings must attend the nation
Under this good administration !

He said. A GOOSE, who distant stood,
Harangu'd apart the cackling brood.

Whene'er I hear a knave commend,
He bids me shun his worthy friend.
What praise ! what mighty commendation !
But 'twas a FOX who spoke th' oration.
FOXES this government may prize,
As gentle, plentiful, and wise ;
If they enjoy these sweets, 'tis plain,
We GEESE must feel a tyrant reign.
What havoc now shall thin our race,
When ev'ry petty clerk in place,
To prove his taste, and seem polite,
Will feed on GEESE both noon and night !



Swanwick sculp.

THE LADY AND THE WASP.

WHAT whispers must the beauty bear!
 What hourly nonsense haunts her ear!
 Where'er her eyes dispense their charms
 Impertinence around her swarms.
 Did not the tender nonsense strike,
 Contempt and scorn might look dislike;
 Forbidding airs might thin the place;
 The slightest flap a fly can chase.
 But who can drive the num'rous breed?
 Chase one, another will succeed.
 Who knows a fool, must know his brother;
 One fop will recommend another;
 And with this plague she's rightly curst,
 Because she listen'd to the first.

AS DORIS, at her toilette's duty,
 Sat meditating on her beauty,

She now was pensive, now was gay,
And loll'd the sultry hours away.
As thus in indolence she lies,
A giddy WASP around her flies :
He now advances, now retires ;
Now to her neck and cheek aspires :
Her fan in vain defends her charms,
Swift he returns, again alarms ;
For by repulse he bolder grew,
Perch'd on her lip, and sipt the dew.

She frowns, she frets. Good gods ! she cries,
Protect me from these teasing flies !
Of all the plagues that heav'n hath sent,
A WASP is most impertinent.

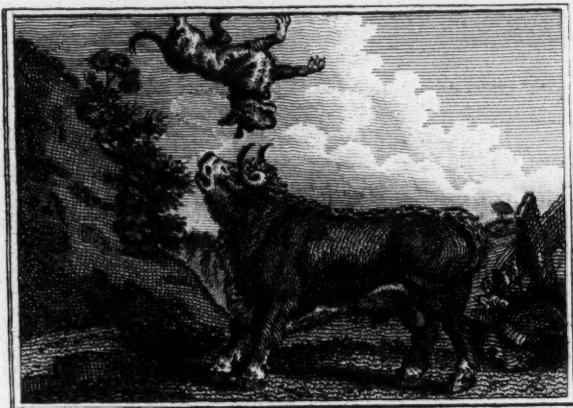
The hov'ring insect thus complain'd :—
Am I then slighted, scorn'd, disdain'd ?
Can such offence your anger wake ?
'Twas beauty caus'd the bold mistake.
Those cherry lips, that breathe perfume,
That cheek, so ripe with youthful bloom,
Made me with strong desire pursue
The fairest peach that ever grew.

Strike him not, JENNY, DORIS cries,
Nor murder WASPS, like vulgar flies ;
For, though he's free, to do him right,
The creature's civil and polite.

In ecstasies away he posts,
Where'er he came the favour boasts ;
Braggs how her sweetest tea he sips,
And shews the sugar on his lips.

The hint alarm'd the forward crew,
Sure of success, away they flew ;
They share the dainties of the day,
Round her with airy music play ;
And now they flutter, now they rest,
Now soar again, and skim her breast :
Nor were they banish'd, till she found
That wasps have stings, and felt the wound.





THE BULL AND THE MASTIFF.

SEEK you to train your fav'rite boy ?
 Each caution, ev'ry care, employ ;
 And, ere you venture to confide,
 Let his preceptor's heart be try'd ;
 Weigh well his manners, life, and scope ;
 On these depend thy future hope.

As on a time, in peaceful reign,
 A BULL enjoy'd the flow'ry plain,
 A MASTIFF pass'd ; inflam'd with ire,
 His eye-balls shot indignant fire ;
 He foam'd, he rag'd with thirst of blood.
 Spurning the ground the monarch stood,
 And roar'd aloud—Suspend the fight
 In a whole skin, go, sleep to-night ;
 Or tell me, ere the battle rage,
 What wrongs provoke thee to engage ?

Is it ambition fires thy breast ;
Or avarice, that ne'er can rest ?
From these alone unjustly springs
The world-destroying wrath of kings.

The surly MASTIFF thus returns—
Within my bosom glory burns.
Like heroes of eternal name,
Whom poets sing, I fight for fame :
The butcher's spirit-stirring mind
To daily war my youth inclin'd ;
He train'd me to heroic deed,
Taught me to conquer or to bleed.

Curst dog ! the BULL reply'd, no more
I wonder at thy thirst of gore ;
For thou, beneath a butcher train'd,
Whose hands with cruelty are stain'd,
His daily murders in thy view,
Must, like thy tutor, blood pursue.
Take then thy fate. With goring wound
At once he lifts him from the ground.
Aloft the sprawling hero flies ;
Mangled, he falls, he howls, and dies.

*Hardwood - sculpt**THE ELEPHANT AND THE BOOKSELLER.*

THE man who with undaunted toils,
 Sails unknown seas to unknown soils,
 With various wonders feasts his sight ;
 What stranger wonders does he write ?
 We read, and in description view
 Creatures which ADAM never knew :
 For, when we risk no contradiction,
 It prompts the tongue to deal in fiction.
 Those things that startle me or you,
 I grant are strange, yet may be true.
 Who doubts that ELEPHANTS are found
 For science and for sense renown'd ?
 BORRI records their strength of parts,
 Extent of thought, and skill in arts ;
 How' hey perform the law's decrees,
 And save the state the HANGMAN's fees ;

And how by travel understand
The language of another land.
Let those who question this report,
To PLINY's ancient page resort.
How learn'd was that sagacious breed !
Who now, like them, the GREEK can read !

As one of these, in days of yore,
Rummag'd a shop of learning o'er :
Not, like our modern dealers, minding
Only the margin's breadth and binding ;
A book his curious eye detains,
Where, with exactest care and pains,
Were ev'ry beast and bird pourtray'd,
That e'er the search of man survey'd ;
Their natures and their pow'rs were writ,
With all the pride of human wit.
The page he with attention spread,
And thus remark'd on what he read :—

Man with strong reason is endow'd ;
A beast scarce instinct is allow'd.
But let this author's worth be try'd,
'Tis plain that neither was his guide.
Can he discern the diff'rent natures,
And weigh the pow'r of other creatures,
Who by the partial work hath shown
He knows so little of his own ?
How falsely is the SPANIEL drawn !
Did MAN from him first learn to fawn ?

A DOG proficient in the trade !
He the chief flatt'rer NATURE made !
Go, MAN, the ways of courts discern,
You'll find a SPANIEL still might learn.
How can the FOX's theft and plunder
Provoke his censure or his wonder ?
From COURTIERS' tricks and LAWYERS' arts,
The FOX might well improve his parts.
The LION, WOLF, and TYGER's brood,
He curses for their thirst of blood :
But is not MAN to MAN a prey ?
BEASTS kill for hunger, MEN for pay.

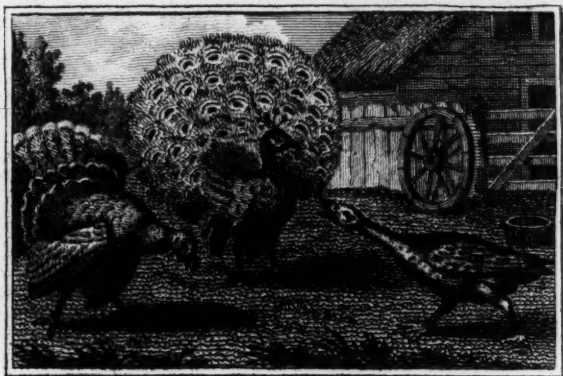
The BOOKSELLER, who heard him speak,
And saw him turn a page of GREEK,
Thought, what a genius have I found !
Then thus address, with bow profound :—

Learn'd sir, if you'd employ your pen
Against the senseless sons of men,
Or write the history of SIAM,
No man is better pay than I am ;
Or, since your're learn'd in GREEK, let's see—
Something against the TRINITY.

When, wrinkling with a sneer his trunk—
Friend, quoth the ELEPHANT, you're drunk :
E'en keep your money, and be wise ;
Leave man on man to criticise ;

For that you ne'er can want a pen
Among the senseless sons of men ;
They unprovok'd will court the fray ;
Envy's a sharper spur than pay :
No author ever spar'd a brother,
Wits are game-cocks to one another.





THE PEACOCK, THE TURKEY, AND THE GOOSE.

IN beauty faults conspicuous grow ;
The smallest speck is seen on snow.

As near a barn, by hunger led,
A PEACOCK with the poultry fed ;
All view'd him with an envious eye,
And mock'd his gaudy pageantry.
He, conscious of superior merit,
Contemns their base reviling spirit ;
His state and dignity assumes,
And to the sun displays his plumes,
Which, like the heav'n's o'er-arching skies,
Are spangl'd with a thousand eyes :
The circling rays and varied light
At once confound their dazzled sight.
On ev'ry tongue detraction burns,
And malice prompts their spleen by turns.

Mark, with what insolence and pride
The creature takes his haughty stride !
The TURKEY cries. Can spleen contain ?
Sure never bird was half so vain !
But, were intrinsic merit seen,
We TURKEYS have the whiter skin.

From tongue to tongue they caught abuse ;
And next was heard the hissing GOOSE.
What hideous legs ! what filthy claws !
I scorn to censure little flaws.
Then, what a horrid squalling throat !
Ev'n owls are frightened at the note.

True. Those are faults, the PEACOCK cries,
My scream, my shanks, you may despise :
But such blind critics rail in vain.
What, overlook my radiant train !
Know, did my legs (your scorn and sport)
The TURKEY or the GOOSE support,
And did ye scream with harsher sound,
Those faults in you had ne'er been found.
To all apparent beauties blind,
Each blemish strikes an envious mind.

Thus in assemblies have I seen
A nymph of brightest charms and mien
Wake envy in each ugly face ;
And buzzing scandal fills the place.



CUPID, HYMEN, AND PLUTUS.

As CUPID in CYTHEREA's grove
Employ'd the lesser powers of love;
Some shape the bow, or fit the spring;
Some give the taper shaft its wing,
Or turn the polish'd quiver's mould,
Or head the darts with temper'd gold.

Amidst their toil and various care,
Thus HYMEN, with assuming air,
Address'd the GOD : Thou purblind chit,
Of awkward and ill-judging wit,
If matches are no better made,
At once I must forswear my trade.
You send me such ill-coupled folks,
That 'tis a shame to sell them yokes.
They squabble for a pin, a feather,
And wonder how they came together.

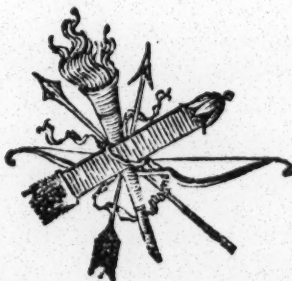
The husband's sullen, dogged, shy,
The wife grows flippant in reply;
He loves command and due restriction,
And she as well likes contradiction:
She never slavishly submits;
She'll have her will, or have her fits.
He this way tugs, she t'other draws:
The man grows jealous, and with cause.
Nothing can save him but divorce,
And here the wife complies of course.

When, says the BOY, had I to do
With either your affairs or you?
I never idly spend my darts;
You trade in mercenary hearts.
For settlements the lawyer's fee'd;
Is my hand witness to the deed?
If they like cat and dog agree,
Go rail at PLUTUS, not at me.

PLUTUS appear'd, and said; 'Tis true,
In marriage, gold is all their view;
They seek not beauty, wit, or sense,
And love is seldom the pretence.
All offer incense at my shrine,
And I alone the bargain sign.
How can BELINDA blame her fate?
She only ask'd a great estate.
DORIS was rich enough, 'tis true,
Her lord must give her title too.

And ev'ry man, or rich or poor,
A fortune asks, and asks no more.

Av'rice, whatever shape it bears,
Must still be coupled with its cares.





THE TAME STAG.

As a young STAG the thicket past,
 The branches held his antlers fast ;
 A clown, who saw the captive hung,
 Across the horns his halter flung.

Now, safely hamper'd in the cord,
 He bore the present to his lord.
 His lord was pleas'd : as was the clown,
 When he was tipt with half-a-crown.
 The STAG was brought before his wife ;
 The tender lady begg'd his life.
 How sleek's the skin ! how speck'd, like ermine !
 Sure never creature was so charming.

At first, within the yard confin'd.
 He flies and hides from all mankind ;

Now bolder grown, with fix'd amaze
And distant awe, presumes to gaze ;
Munches the linen on the lines,
And on a hood or apron dines ;
He steals my little master's bread,
Follows the servants to be fed ;
Nearer and nearer now he stands,
To feel the praise of patting hands ;
Examines ev'ry fist for meat,
And, though repuls'd, disdains retreat ;
Attacks again, with levell'd horns,
And man, that was his terror, scorns.

Such is the country maiden's fright,
When first a red-coat is in sight ;
Behind the door she hides her face,
Next time at distance eyes the lace ;
She now can all his terrors stand,
Nor from his squeeze withdraws her hand :
She plays familiar in his arms,
And ev'ry soldier hath his charms ;
From tent to tent she spreads her flame :
For custom conquers fear and shame.



THE MONKEY WHO HAD SEEN THE WORLD.

A MONKEY, to reform the times,
 Resolv'd to visit foreign climes;
 For men in distant regions roam
 To bring politer manners home.
 So forth he fares, all toil defies:
 Misfortune serves to make us wise.

At length the treach'rous snare was laid—
 Poor PUG was caught, to town convey'd,
 There sold. How envy'd was his doom,
 Made captive in a lady's room!
 Proud as a lover of his chains,
 He day by day her favour gains.
 Whene'er the duty of the day,
 The toilette calls—with mimic play
 He twirls her knots, he cracks her fan,
 Like any other gentleman.

In visits, too, his parts and wit,
When jests grew dull, were sure to hit.
Proud with applause, he thought his mind
In ev'ry courtly art refin'd;
Like ORPHEUS, burnt with public zeal
To civilize the monkey weal;
So watch'd occasion, broke his chain,
And sought his native woods again.

The hairy sylvans round him press,
Astonish'd at his strut and dress.
Some praise his sleeve, and others gloat
Upon his rich embroider'd coat;
His dapper periwig commending,
With the black tail behind depending;
His powder'd back, above, below,
Like hoary frosts, or fleecy snow:
But all, with envy and desire,
His flutt'ring shoulder-knot admire.

Hear, and improve, he pertly cries,
I come to make a nation wise.
Weigh your own worth; support your place,
The next in rank to human race.
In cities long I pass'd my days;
Convers'd with men, and learnt their ways.
Their dress, their courtly manners, see;
Reform your state, and copy me.
Seek ye to thrive? In flatt'ry deal;
Your scorn, your hate, with that, conceal;

Seem only to regard your friends,
But use them for your private ends ;
Stint not to truth the flow of wit,
Be prompt to lie, whene'er 'tis fit ;
Bend all your force to spatter merit ;
Scandal is conversation's spirit ;
Boldly to ev'ry thing pretend,
And men your talents shall commend.
I knew the great. Observe me right,
So shall you grow, like man, polite.

He spoke, and bow'd. With mutt'ring jaws
The wond'ring circle grinn'd applause.

Now, warm with malice, envy, spite,
Their most obliging friends they bite ;
And, fond to copy human ways,
Practise new mischiefs all their days.

Thus the dull lad, too tall for school,
With travel finishes the fool ;
Studious of ev'ry coxcomb's airs,
He drinks, games, dresses, whores, and swears ;
O'erlooks with scorn all virtuous arts,
For vice is fitted to his parts.



THE PHILOSOPHER AND THE PHEASANTS.

THE SAGE, awak'd at early day,
 Through the deep forest took his way.
 Drawn by the music of the groves,
 Along the winding gloom he roves.
 From tree to tree, the warbling throats
 Prolong the sweet alternate notes.
 But where he past he terror threw;
 The song broke short, the warblers flew,
 The thrushes chatter'd with affright,
 And nightingales abhorr'd his sight;
 All animals before him ran,
 To shun the hateful sight of man.

Whence is this dread of ev'ry creature?
 Fly they our figure, or our nature?

As thus he walk'd in musing thought,
 His ear imperfect accents caught;

With cautious step he nearer drew,
By the thick shade conceal'd from view :
High on the branch a PHEASANT stood,
Around her all the list'ning brood.
Proud of the blessings of her nest,
She thus a mother's care exprest—
No dangers here shall circumvent,
Within the woods enjoy content.
Sooner the hawk or vulture trust
Than man—of animals the worst ;
In him ingratitude you find,
A vice peculiar to the kind.
The sheep, whose annual fleece is dy'd
To guard his health and serve his pride,
Forc'd from his fold and native plain,
Is in the cruel shambles slain :
The swarms, who, with industrious skill,
His hives with wax and honey fill,
In vain whole summer days employ'd,
Their stores are sold, the race destroy'd.
What tribute from the goose is paid !
Does not her wing all science aid ?
Does it not lovers' hearts explain,
And drudge to raise the merchant's gain ?
What now rewards this gen'ral use ?
He takes the quills, and eats the goose.
Man then avoid, detest his ways,
So safety shall prolong your days.
When services are thus acquitted,
Be sure we pheasants must be spitted.



THE PIN AND THE NEEDLE.

A PIN, who long had serv'd a beauty,
 Proficient in the toilette's duty,
 Had form'd her sleeve, confin'd her hair,
 Or giv'n her knot a smarter air,
 Now nearest to her heart was plac'd,
 Now in her mantua's tail disgrac'd.
 But could she partial fortune blame,
 Who saw her lovers serv'd the same ?

At length, from all her honours cast,
 Through various turns of life she past ;
 Now glitter'd on a taylor's arm ;
 Now kept a beggar's infant warm ;
 Now, rang'd within a miser's coat,
 Contributes to his yearly groat ;
 Now, rais'd again from low approach,
 She visits in the doctor's coach ;

Here, there, by various fortune tost,
At last in GRESHAM hall was lost.

Charm'd with the wonders of the show,
On ev'ry side, above, below,
She now of this or that inquires ;
What least was understood admires ;
'Tis plain, each thing so struck her mind,
Her head's of virtuoso kind.

And pray what's this, and this, dear sir ?
A NEEDLE, says th' interpreter.
She knew the name. And thus the fool
Address her as a taylor's tool :—

A NEEDLE with that filthy stone,
Quite idle, all with rust o'ergrown !
You better might employ your parts,
And aid the sempstress in her arts.
But tell me how the friendship grew
Between that paltry flint and you ?

Friend, says the NEEDLE, cease to blame ;
I follow real worth and fame.
Know'st thou the loadstone's pow'r and art,
That virtue virtues can impart ?
Of all his talents I partake.
Who then can such a friend forsake ?
'Tis I direct the pilot's hand
To shun the rocks and treach'rous sand ;

By me the distant world is known,
And either INDIA is our own.
Had I with milliners been bred,
What had I been?—the guide of thread;
And drudg'd, as vulgar needles do—
Of no more consequence than you.





THE SHEPHERD'S DOG AND THE WOLF.

A WOLF, with hunger fierce and bold,
 Ravag'd the plains and thinn'd the fold:
 Deep in the wood secure he lay;
 The thefts of night regal'd the day.
 In vain the shepherd's wakeful care
 Had spread the toils and watch'd the snare;
 In vain the dog pursu'd his pace,
 The fleeter robber mock'd the chase.

AS LIGHTFOOT rang'd the forest round,
 By chance his foe's retreat he found—
 Let us awhile the war suspend,
 And reason, as from friend to friend.

A truce, replies the WOLF. 'Tis done.
 The DOG the parley thus begun—

How can that strong intrepid mind
Attack a weak defenceless kind ?
Those jaws should prey on nobler food,
And drink the boar's and lion's blood ;
Great souls with gen'rous pity melt,
Which coward tyrants never felt :
How harmless is our fleecy care !
Be brave, and let thy mercy spare.

Friend, says the WOLF, the matter weigh.
Nature design'd us beasts of prey ;
As such, when hunger finds a treat,
'Tis necessary wolves should eat.
If, mindful of the bleating weal,
Thy bosom burn with real zeal,
Hence, and thy tyrant lord beseech,
To him repeat the moving speech ;
A wolf eats sheep but now and then—
Ten thousands are devour'd by men.
An open foe may prove a curse,
But a pretended friend is worse.





THE PAINTER WHO PLEAS'D NOBODY AND EVERY BODY.

LEST men suspect your tale untrue,
 Keep probability in view.
 The trav'ler, leaping o'er those bounds,
 The credit of his book confounds.
 Who with his tongue hath armies routed,
 Makes ev'n his real courage doubted.
 But flatt'ry never seems absurd—
 The flatter'd always take your word;
 Impossibilities seem just,
 They take the strongest praise on trust;
 Hyperboles, though ne'er so great,
 Will still come short of self-conceit.

So very like a PAINTER drew,
 That ev'ry eye the picture knew;
 He hit complexion, feature, air,
 So just, the life itself was there.

No flatt'ry, with his colours laid,
To bloom restor'd the faded maid ;
He gave each muscle all its strength ;
The mouth, the chin, the nose's length,
His honest pencil touch'd with truth,
And mark'd the date of age and youth.

He lost his friends, his practice fail'd—
Truth should not always be reveal'd ;
In dusty piles his pictures lay,
For no one sent the second pay.

Two bustos, fraught with ev'ry grace,
A VENUS' and APOLLO's face,
He plac'd in view ; resolv'd to please ;
Whoever sat he drew from these ;
From these corrected ev'ry feature,
And spirited each aukward creature.

All things were set : the hour was come,
His pallet ready o'er his thumb,
My lord appear'd ; and, seated right
In proper attitude and light,
The PAINTER look'd, he sketch'd the piece,
Then dipt his pencil, talk'd of GREECE,
Of TITIAN's tints, of GUIDO's air ;—
Those eyes, my lord, the spirit there
Might well a RAPHAEL's hand require,
To give them all the native fire ;
The features, fraught with sense and wit,
You'll grant, are very hard to hit ;

But yet, with patience, you shall view
As much as paint and art can do.

Observe the work. My lord reply'd,
'Till now I thought my mouth was wide ;
Besides, my nose is somewhat long,—
Dear sir, for me 'tis far too young !

Oh, pardon me, the artist cry'd,
In this we PAINTERS must decide.
The piece ev'n common eyes must strike ;
I warrant it extremely like.

My lord examin'd it anew ;
No looking-glass seem'd half so true.

A lady came. With borrow'd grace
He from his VENUS form'd her face.
Her lover prais'd the painter's art ;
So like the picture in his heart !
To ev'ry age some charm he lent,
Ev'n beauties were almost content.

Through all the town his art they prais'd,
His custom grew, his price was rais'd.
Had he the real likeness shown,
Would any man the picture own ?
But, when thus happily he wrought,
Each found the likeness in his thought.



THE LION AND THE CUB.

How fond are men of rule and place,
 Who court it from the mean and base !
 These cannot bear an equal nigh,
 But from superior merit fly.
 They love the cellar's vulgar joke,
 And lose their hours in ale and smoke ;
 There o'er some petty club preside—
 So poor, so paltry, is their pride !
 Nay, ev'n with fools whole nights will sit,
 In hopes to be supreme in wit.
 If these can read, to these I write,
 To set their worth in truest light.

A LION-CUB, of sordid mind,
 Avoided all the LION kind ;
 Fond of applause, he sought the feasts
 Of vulgar and ignoble beasts ;

With ASSES all his time he spent,
Their club's perpetual president.
He caught their manners, looks, and airs :
An Ass in ev'ry thing—but ears !
If e'er his highness meant a joke,
They grinn'd applause before he spoke :
But at each word what shouts of praise !
Good gods ! how natural he brays !

Elate with flatt'ry and conceit,
He seeks his royal sire's retreat ;
Forward, and fond to shew his parts,
His highness brays, the LION starts.

Puppy, that curst vociferation
Betrays thy life and conversation !
Coxcombs, an ever-noisy race,
Are trumpets of their own disgrace.

Why so severe ? the CUB replies ;
Our senate always held me wise.

How weak is pride ! returns the sire,
All fools are vain, when fools admire !
But know, what stupid ASSES prize,
LIONS and noble beasts despise.



THE OLD HEN AND THE COCK.

RESTRAIN your child ; you'll soon believe
The text, which says we sprung from EVE.

As an old HEN led forth her train,
And seem'd to peck to shew the grain ;
She rak'd the chaff, she scratch'd the ground,
And glean'd the spacious yard around.
A giddy chick, to try her wings,
On the well's narrow margin springs,
And prone she drops. The mother's breast
All day with sorrow was possest.

A cock she met ; her son she knew ;
And in her heart affection grew.

My son, says she, I grant your years
Have reach'd beyond a mother's cares ;

I see you vig'rous, strong, and bold,
I hear with joy your triumphs told :
'Tis not from cocks thy fate I dread ;
But let thy ever-wary tread
Avoid yon well ; that fatal place
Is sure perdition to our race.
Print this my counsel on thy breast ;
To the just gods I leave the rest.

He thank'd her care ; yet day by day
His bosom burn'd to disobey ;
And, ev'ry time the well he saw,
Scorn'd in his heart the foolish law.
Near and more near each day he drew,
And long'd to try the dang'rous view.

Why was this idle charge ? he cries :
Let courage female fears despise.
Or did she doubt my heart was brave,
And therefore this injunction gave ?
Or does her harvest store the place,
A treasure for her younger race ?
And would she thus my search prevent ?
I stand resolv'd, and dare th' event.

This said, he mounts the margin's round,
And pries into the depth profound.
He stretch'd his neck ; and from below,
With stretching neck, advanc'd a foe.

With wrath his ruffled plumes he rears ;
The foe with ruffled plumes appears.
Threat answer'd threat, his fury grew ;
Headlong to meet the war he flew ;
But, when the wat'ry death he found,
He thus lamented, as he drown'd:—

I ne'er had been in this condition,
But for my mother's prohibition.





Rothwell sc.

THE RAT-CATCHER AND CATS.

THE RATS by night such mischief did,
 BETTY was ev'ry morning chid :
 They undermin'd whole sides of bacon ;
 Her cheese was sapp'd, her tarts were taken ;
 Her pasties, fenc'd with thickest paste,
 Were all demolish'd and laid waste.
 She curst the cat for want of duty,
 Who left her foes a constant booty.

AN ENGINEER, of noted skill,
 Engag'd to stop the growing ill.

From room to room he now surveys
 Their haunts, their works, their secret ways ;
 Finds where they 'scape an ambuscade,
 And whence the nightly sally's made.

An envious CAT, from place to place,
Unseen, attends his silent pace :
She saw that, if his trade went on,
The purring race must be undone ;
So secretly removes his baits,
And ev'ry stratagem defeats.

Again he sets the poison'd toils,
And PUSS again the labour foils.

What foe, to frustrate my designs,
My schemes thus nightly countermines ?
Incens'd, he cries : this very hour
The wretch shall bleed beneath my pow'r !

So said, a pond'rous trap he brought,
And in the fact poor PUSS was caught.

Smuggler, says he, thou shalt be made
A victim to our loss of trade.

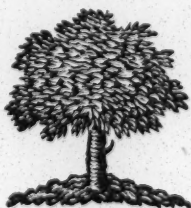
The captive CAT, with piteous mews,
For pardon, life, and freedom, sues—
A sister of the science spare,
One int'rest is our common care.

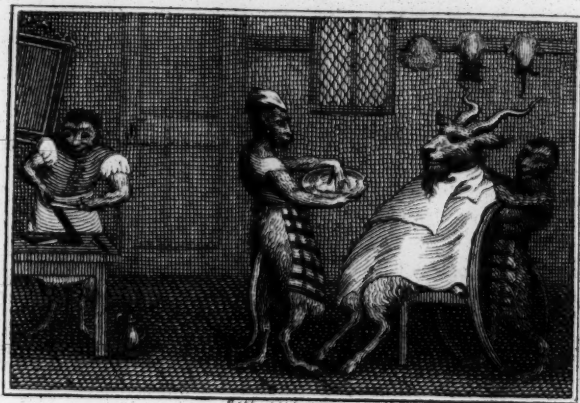
What insolence ! the man reply'd,
Shall CATS with us the game divide ?
Were all your interloping band
Extinguish'd, or expell'd the land,

We RAT-CATCHERS might raise our fees,
Sole guardians of a nation's cheese !

A CAT, who saw the lifted knife,
Thus spoke, and sav'd her sister's life :

In ev'ry age and clime we see
Two of a trade can ne'er agree ;
Each hates his neighbour for encroaching ;
Squire stigmatizes squire for poaching ;
Beauties with beauties are in arms,
And scandal pelts each other's charms ;
Kings too their neighbour kings dethrone,
In hope to make the world their own.
But let us limit our desires,
Not war, like beauties, kings, and squires ;
For, though we both one prey pursue,
There's game enough for us and you.





THE GOAT WITHOUT A BEARD.

'T is certain, that the modish passions
 Descend among the crowd, like fashions.
 Excuse me then ; if pride, conceit,
 (The manners of the fair and great)
 I give to monkees, asses, dogs,
 Fleas, owls, goats, butterflies, and hogs.
 I say that these are proud. What then ?
 I never said they equal men.

A GOAT (as vain as GOAT can be)
 Affected singularity ;
 Whene'er a thymy bank he found,
 He roll'd upon the fragrant ground ;
 And then with fond attention stood,
 Fix'd, o'er his image in the flood.

I hate my frowzy beard, he cries ;
 My youth is lost in this disguise.

Did not the females know my vigour,
Well might they loath this rev'rend figure.

Resolv'd to smooth his shaggy face,
He sought the barber of the place;
A flippant MONKEY, spruce and smart,
Hard by, profess'd the dapper art,
His pole with pewter basons hung,
Black rotten teeth in order strung,
Rang'd cups that in the window stood,
Lin'd with red rags, to look like blood,
Did well his threefold trade explain,
Who shav'd, drew teeth, and breath'd a vein.

The GOAT he welcomes with an air,
And seats him in his wooden chair:
Mouth, nose, and cheek, the lather hides:
Light, smooth, and swift, the razor glides.

I hope your custom, sir, says PUG,
Sure never face was half so smug!

The GOAT, impatient for applause,
Swift to the neighb'ring hill withdraws.
The shaggy people grinn'd and star'd:

Hey-day! what's here! without a beard!
Say, brother, whence the dire disgrace?
What envious hand hath robb'd your face?

When thus the fop, with smiles of scorn:
Are beards by civil nations worn?
Ev'n MUSCOVITES have mow'd their chins.
Shall we, like formal CAPUCHINS,
Stubborn in pride, retain the mode,
And bear about the hairy load?
Whene'er we through the village stray,
Are we not mock'd along the way;
Insulted with loud shouts of scorn,
By boys our beards disgrac'd and torn?

Were you no more with GOATS to dwell,
Brother, I grant you reason well,
Replies a bearded chief; beside,
If boys can mortify thy pride,
How wilt thou stand the ridicule
Of our whole flock? affected fool!
Coxcombs, distinguish'd from the rest,
To all but coxcombs are a jest.





Scott sculp.

THE OLD WOMAN AND HER CATS.

Who friendship with a knave hath made
Is judg'd a partner in the trade.

The MATRON, who conducts abroad
A willing nymph, is thought a bawd ;
And, if a modest girl is seen
With one who cures a lover's spleen,
We guess her not extremely nice,
And only wish to know her price.
'Tis thus that on the choice of friends
Our good or evil name depends.

A wrinkled HAG, of wicked fame,
Beside a little smoky flame
Sat hov'ring, pinch'd with age and frost.
Her shrivell'd hands, with veins embost,
Upon her knees her weight sustains,
While palsy shook her crazy brains.

She mumbles forth her backward pray'rs,
An untam'd scold of fourscore years.
About her swarm'd a num'rous brood
Of CATS, who, lank with hunger, mew'd.

Teas'd with their cries, her choler grew,
And thus she sputter'd—Hence, ye crew !
Fool that I was, to entertain
Such imps, such fiends—a hellish train !
Had ye been never hous'd and nurst,
I for a witch had ne'er been curst.
To you I owe that crowds of boys
Worry me with eternal noise ;
Straws, laid across, my pace retard ;
The horse-shoe's nail'd (each threshold's guard) ;
The stunted broom the wenches hide,
For fear that I should up and ride ;
They stick with pins my bleeding seat,
And bid me shew my secret teat.

To hear you prate would vex a saint—
Who hath most reason of complaint ?
Replies a CAT. Let's come to proof.
Had we ne'er starv'd beneath your roof,
We had, like others of our race,
In credit liv'd, as beasts of chase.
'Tis infamy to serve a HAG.
CATS are thought imps, her broom a nag ;
And boys against our lives combine,
Because, 'tis said, your CATS have nine.



THE BUTTERFLY AND THE SNAIL.

ALL upstarts, insolent in place,
Remind us of their vulgar race.

As, in the sun-shine of the morn,
A BUTTERFLY, but newly born,
Sat proudly perking on a rose,
With pert conceit his bosom glows,
His wings, all glorious to behold,
Bedrop'd with azure, jet, and gold,
Wide he displays; the spangled dew
Reflects his eyes and various hue.

His now forgotten friend, a SNAIL,
Beneath his house, with slimy trail,
Crawls o'er the grass; whom, when he spies,
In wrath he to the GARD'NER cries:—

What means yon peasant's daily toil,
From choking weeds to rid the soil ?
Why wake you to the morning's care ?
Why with new arts correct the year ?
Why glows the peach with crimson hue ?
And why the plum's inviting blue ?
Were they to feast his taste design'd,
That vermin of voracious kind ?
Crush then the slow, the pilf'ring race,
So purge thy garden from disgrace.

What arrogance ! the SNAIL reply'd ;
How insolent is upstart pride !
Hadst thou not thus, with insult vain,
Provok'd my patience to complain,
I had conceal'd thy meaner birth,
Nor trac'd thee to the scum of earth.
For scarce nine suns have wak'd the hours,
To swell the fruit and paint the flow'rs,
Since I thy humbler life survey'd,
In base, in sordid guise array'd.
A hideous insect, vile, unclean,
You dragg'd a slow and noisome train ;
And from your SPIDER bowels drew
Foul film, and spun the dirty clue.
I own my humble life, good friend ;
SNAIL was I born, and SNAIL shall end.
And what's a BUTTERFLY ?—At best,
He's but a CATERPILLAR drest :
And all thy race (a num'rous seed)
Shall prove of CATERPILLAR breed.



THE SCOLD AND THE PARROT.

THE husband thus reprov'd his wife :—
 Who deals in slander ^{lives} in strife.
 Art thou the herald of disgrace,
 Denouncing war to all thy race ?
 Can nothing quell thy thunder's rage,
 Which spares not friend, nor sex, nor age ?
 That vixen tongue of your's, my dear,
 Alarms our neighbours far and near ;
 Good gods ! 'tis like a rolling river,
 That murm'ring flows, and flows for ever !
 Ne'er tir'd, perpetual discord sowing !
 Like fame, it gathers strength by going.

Heigh-day ! the flippant tongue replies,
 How solemn is the fool ! how wise !
 Is nature's choicest gift debarr'd ?
 Nay, frown not ; for I will be heard.

Women of late are finely ridden,
A PARROT's privilege forbidden !
You praise his talk, his squalling song ;
But wives are always in the wrong.

Now reputations flew in pieces,
Of mothers, daughters, aunts, and nieces.
She ran the PARROT's language o'er ;
Bawd, hussy, drunkard, slattern, whore !
On all the sex she vents her fury ;
Tries and condemns without a jury.

At once the torrent of her words
Alarm'd cat, monkey, dogs, and birds.
All join their forces to confound her ;
PUSS spits, the MONKEY chatters round her,
The yelping CUR her heels assaults,
The MAGPIE blabs out all her faults ;
POLL, in the uproar, from his cage,
With this rebuke out-scream'd her rage :—

A PARROT is for talking priz'd,
But prattling women are despis'd ;
She who attacks another's honour,
Draws ev'ry living thing upon her.
Think, madam, when you stretch your lungs,
That all your neighbours, too, have tongues ;
One slander must ten thousand get—
The world with int'rest pays the debt.

*Taylor . sculpt*

THE CUR AND THE MASTIFF.

A SNEAKING CUR, the master's spy,
 Rewarded for his daily lie,
 With secret jealousies and fears
 Set all together by the ears.
 Poor PUSS to-day was in disgrace,
 Another cat supply'd her place ;
 The HOUND was beat, the MASTIFF chid,
 The MONKEY was the room forbid ;
 Each to his dearest friend grew shy,
 And none could tell the reason why.

A plan to rob the house was laid.
 The thief with love seduc'd the maid,
 Cajol'd the CUR, and strok'd his head,
 And bought his secresy with bread.
 He next the MASTIFF's honour try'd,
 Whose honest jaws the bribe defy'd ;

He stretch'd his hand to proffer more ;
The surly DOG his fingers tore.

Swift ran the CUR ; with indignation,
The master took his information.
Hang him, the villain's eurst, he cries,
And round his neck the halter ties.

The DOG his humble suit preferr'd,
And begg'd in justice to be heard.
The master sat. On either hand
The cited DOGS confronting stand.
The CUR the bloody tale relates,
And, like a lawyer, aggravates.

Judge not unheard, the MASTIFF cry'd,
But weigh the cause of either side.
Think not that treach'ry can be just,
Take not informers' words on trust ;
They ope' their hand to ev'ry pay,
And you and me by turns betray.

He spoke. And all the truth appear'd.
The CUR was hang'd, the MASTIFF clear'd.



THE SICK MAN AND THE ANGEL.

Is there no hope? the SICK MAN said.
 The silent DOCTOR shook his head,
 And took his leave with signs of sorrow,
 Despairing of his fee to-morrow.

When thus the MAN, with gasping breath :—
 I feel the chilling wound of death.
 Since I must bid the world adieu,
 Let me my former life review.
 I grant my bargains well were made,
 But all men over-reach in trade ;
 'Tis self-defence in each profession,
 Sure self-defence is no transgression !
 The little portion in my hands,
 By good security on lands,
 Is well increas'd. If, unawares,
 My justice to myself and heirs,

Hath let my debtor rot in jail,
For want of good sufficient bail;
If I by writ, or bond, or deed,
Reduc'd a family to need;
My will hath made the world amends—
My hope on charity depends!
When I am number'd with the dead,
And all my pious gifts are read,
By heav'n and earth 'twill then be known
My charities were amply shown.

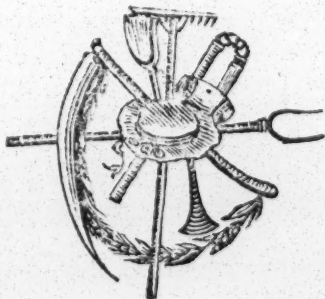
AN ANGEL came. Ah, friend! he cry'd,
No more in flatt'ring hope confide.
Can thy good deeds in former times
Outweigh the balance of thy crimes?
What widow or what orphan prays
To crown thy life with length of days?
A pious action's in thy pow'r;
Embrace with joy the happy hour;
Now, while you draw the vital air,
Prove your intention is sincere:
This instant give a hundred pound—
Your neighbours want, and you abound.

But why such haste? the SICK MAN whines;
Who knows as yet what heav'n designs?
Perhaps I may recover still—
That sum and more are in my will!

Fool, says the VISION, now 'tis plain
Your life, your soul, your heav'n, was gain;

From ev'ry side, with all your might,
You scrap'd, and scrap'd, beyond your right;
And after death would fain atone,
By giving what is not your own !

While there is life there's hope, he cry'd ;
Then why such haste ?—so groan'd and dy'd.





Benjamin. sculp.

THE PERSIAN, THE SUN, AND THE CLOUD.

Is there a bard whom genius fires,
Whose ev'ry thought the god inspires ?
When ENVY reads the nervous lines,
She frets, she rails, she raves, she pines ;
Her hissing snakes with venom swell,
She calls her venal train from hell ;
The servile fiends her nod obey,
And all CURL's authors are in pay.
FAME calls up calumny and spite.
Thus shadow owes its birth to light.

As prostrate to the god of day,
With heart devout, a PERSIAN lay,
His invocation thus begun :—

Parent of light, all-seeing SUN !
Prolific beam, whose rays dispense
The various gifts of PROVIDENCE,

Accept our praise, our daily pray'r,
Smile on our fields, and bless the year.

A CLOUD, who mock'd his grateful tongue,
The day with sudden darkness hung;
With pride and envy swell'd aloud,
A voice thus thunder'd from the CLOUD:—

Weak is this gaudy god of thine,
Whom I at will forbid to shine;
Shall I nor vows, nor incense, know?
Where praise is due the praise bestow.

With fervent zeal the PERSIAN, mov'd,
Thus the proud calumny reprov'd—

It was that god, who claims my pray'r,
Who gave thee birth, and rais'd thee there:
When o'er his beams the veil is thrown,
Thy substance is but plainer shown.
A passing gale, a puff of wind,
Dispels thy thickest troops combin'd.

The gale arose; the vapour, tost
(The sport of winds) in air, was lost;
The glorious orb the day refines.
Thus ENVY breaks, thus MERIT shines.



THE FOX AT THE POINT OF DEATH.

A fox, in life's extreme decay,
 Weak, sick, and faint, expiring lay ;
 All appetite had left his maw,
 And age disarm'd his mumbling jaw.
 His num'rous race around him stand,
 To learn their dying sire's command.
 He rais'd his head with whining moan,
 And thus was heard the feeble tone :—

Ah, sons ! from evil ways depart ;
 My crimes lie heavy on my heart.
 See, see, the murder'd geese appear !
 Why are those bleeding turkies there ?
 Why all around this cackling train,
 Who haunt my ears for chickens slain ?

The hungry foxes round them star'd,
 And for the promis'd feast prepar'd.

Where, sir, is all this dainty cheer ?
Nor turkey, goose, nor hen, is here :
These are the phantoms of your brain,
And your sons lick their lips in vain.

O gluttons, says the drooping sire,
Restrain inordinate desire ;
Your liqu'rish taste you shall deplore,
When peace of conscience is no more.
Does not the hound betray our pace,
And gins and guns destroy our race ?
Thieves dread the searching eye of pow'r,
And never feel the quiet hour.
Old age (which few of us shall know)
Now puts a period to my woe.
Would you true happiness attain,
Let honesty your passions rein ;
So live in credit and esteem,
And the good-name you lost redeem !

The counsel's good, a fox replies,
Could we perform what you advise.
Think what our ancestors have done ;
A line of thieves, from son to son ;
To us descends the long disgrace,
And infamy hath mark'd our race.
Though we like harmless sheep should feed,
Honest in thought, in word, and deed,
Whatever hen-roost is decreast,
We shall be thought to share the feast.

The change shall never be believ'd—
A lost good-name is ne'er retriev'd.

Nay, then, replies the feeble fox,
(But hark ! I hear a hen that clucks)
Go, but be mod'rate in your food ;
A chicken, too, might do me good.





THE SETTING-DOG AND THE PARTRIDGE.

THE ranging DOG the stubble tries,
 And searches ev'ry breeze that flies :
 The scent grows warm ; with cautious fear
 He creeps, and points the covey near.
 The men in silence, far behind,
 Conscious of game, the net unbind.

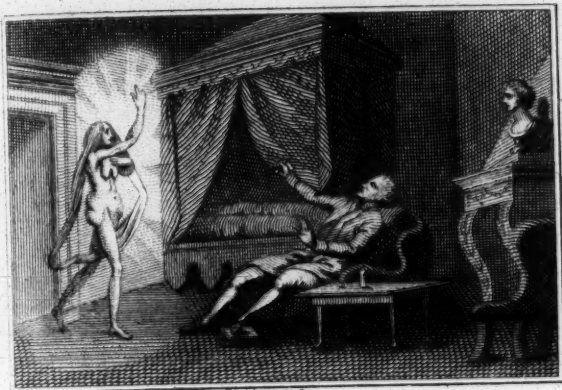
A PARTRIDGE, with experience wise,
 The fraudulent preparation spies ;
 She mocks their toils, alarms her brood,
 The covey springs, and seeks the wood ;
 But, ere her certain wing she tries,
 Thus to the creeping SPANIEL cries :—

Thou fawning slave to man's deceit,
 Thou pimp of lux'ry, sneaking cheat,

Of thy whole species thou disgrace ;
Dogs should disown thee of their race !
For, if I judge their native parts,
They're born with open honest hearts ;
And, ere they serv'd man's wicked ends,
Were gen'rous foes, or real friends.

When thus the DOG, with scornful smile :—
Secure of wing, thou dar'st revile.
Clowns are to polish'd manners blind ;
How ign'rant is the rustic mind !
My worth sagacious courtiers see,
And to preferment rise, like me.
The thriving pimp, who beauty sets,
Hath oft enhanc'd a nation's debts ;
Friend sets his friend, without regard ;
And ministers his skill reward.
Thus, train'd by man, I learnt his ways,
And growing favour feasts my days.

I might have guess'd, the PARTRIDGE said,
The place where you were train'd and fed ;
Servants are apt, and in a trice
Ape, to a hair, their master's vice.
You came from court, you say. Adieu,
She said, and to the covey flew.



THE UNIVERSAL APPARITION.

ARAKE, by ev'ry passion rul'd,
 With ev'ry vice his youth had cool'd;
 Disease his tainted blood assails,
 His spirits droop, his vigour fails;
 With secret ills at home he pines,
 And, like infirm old age, declines.
 As, twing'd with pain, he pensive sits,
 And raves, and prays, and swears by fits;
 A ghastly PHANTOM, lean and wan,
 Before him rose, and thus began:—

My name perhaps hath reach'd your ear:
 Attend, and be advis'd by CARE.
 Nor love, nor honour, wealth, nor pow'r,
 Can give the heart a cheerful hour,
 When health is lost. Be timely wise:
 With health all taste of pleasure flies.

Thus said, the PHANTOM disappears,
The wary counsel wak'd his fears;
He now from all excess abstains,
With physic purifies his veins;
And, to procure a sober life,
Resolves to venture on a wife.

But now again the SPRITE ascends;
Where'er he walks his ear attends;
Insinuates that beauty's frail;
That perseverance must prevail;
With jealousies his brain inflames,
And whispers all her lovers' names.
In other hours she represents
His household charge, his annual rents,
Increasing debts, perplexing duns,
And nothing for his younger sons.

Straight all his thought to gain he turns,
And with the thirst of lucre burns.
But when possess'd of FORTUNE's store,
The SPECTRE haunts him more and more;
Sets WANT and MISERY in view,
Bold thieves, and all the murd'ring crew;
Alarms him with eternal frights,
Infests his dreams, or wakes his nights.

How shall he chase this hideous guest?
Pow'r may perhaps protect his rest.

To pow'r he rose. Again the SPRITE
Besets him morning, noon, and night;
Talks of AMBITION's tott'ring seat,
How envy persecutes the great;
Of rival hate, of treach'rous friends,
And what disgrace his fall attends.

The court he quits to fly from CARE,
And seeks the peace of rural air:
His groves, his fields, amus'd his hours
He prun'd his trees, he rais'd his flow'rs,
But CARE again his steps pursues;
Warns him of blasts, of blighting dews,
Of plund'ring insects, snails and rains,
And droughts that starv'd the labour'd plains.
Abroad, at home, the SPECTRE's there:
In vain we seek to fly from CARE.

At length he thus the GHOST address:—
Since thou must be my constant guest,
Be kind, and follow me no more;
For CARE, by right, should go before.



THE TWO OWLS AND THE SPARROW.

Two formal owls together sat,
 Conferring thus in solemn chat :—

How is the modern taste decay'd !
 Where's the respect to wisdom paid ?
 Our worth the GRECIAN sages knew ;
 They gave our sires the honour due,
 They weigh'd the dignity of fowls,
 And pry'd into the depth of owls :
 ATHENS, the seat of learned fame,
 With gen'ral voice rever'd our name ;
 On merit title was conferr'd,
 And all ador'd th' ATHENIAN bird.

Brother, you reason well, replies
 The solemn mate, with half-shut eyes ;

Right. Athens was the seat of learning,
And truly wisdom is discerning.
Besides, on PALLAS' helm we sit,
The type and ornament of wit :
But now, alas ! we're quite neglected,
And a pert SPARROW's more respected.

A SPARROW, who was lodg'd beside,
O'erhears them sooth each other's pride,
And thus he nimbly vents his heat :—

Who meets a fool must find conceit.
I grant you were at ATHENS grac'd,
And on MINERVA's helm were plac'd ;
But ev'ry bird that wings the sky,
Except an OWL, can tell you why.
From hence they taught their schools to know
How false we judge by outward show ;
That we should never looks esteem,
Since fools as wise as you might seem.
Would ye contempt and scorn avoid,
Let your vain glory be destroy'd ;
Humble your arrogance of thought,
Pursue the ways by nature taught,
So shall ye find delicious fare,
And grateful farmers praise your care ;
So shall sleek MICE your chase reward,
And no keen CAT find more regard.

*I told soup*

THE COURTIER AND PROTEUS.

WHENE'ER a COURTIER'S out of place,
 The country shelters his disgrace ;
 Where, doom'd to exercise and health,
 His house and gardens own his wealth.
 He builds new schemes, in hopes to gain
 The plunder of another reign ;
 Like PHILIP'S son, would fain be doing,
 And sighs for other realms to ruin.

As one of these, (without his wand)
 Pensive, along the winding strand
 Employ'd the solitary hour
 In projects to regain his pow'r,
 The waves in spreading circles ran,
 PROTEUS arose, and thus began :—

Came you from court ? For in your mien
 A self-important air is seen.

He frankly own'd his friends had trick'd him,
And how he fell his party's victim.

Know, says the god, by matchless skill
I change to ev'ry shape at will ;
But yet, I'm told, at court you see
Those who presume to rival me.

Thus said—a snake, with hideous trail,
PROTEUS extends his scaly mail.

Know, says the MAN, though proud in place,
All COURTIERS are of reptile race.
Like you, they take that dreadful form,
Bask in the sun, and fly the storm ;
With malice hiss, with envy gloat,
And for convenience change their coat ;
With new-got lustre rear their head,
Though on a dunghill born and bred.

Sudden the god a lion stands,
He shakes his mane, he spurns the sands ;
Now a fierce lynx, with fiery glare,
A wolf, an ass, a fox, a bear !

Had I ne'er liv'd at COURT, he cries,
Such transformation might surprise ;
But there, in quest of daily game,
Each able courtier acts the same.

Wolves, lions, lynxes, while in place,
Their friends and fellows are their chase;
They play the bear's and fox's part;
Now rob by force, now steal with art;
They sometimes in the senate bray;
Or, chang'd again to beasts of prey,
Down from the lion to the ape,
Practise the frauds of ev'ry shape.

So said, upon the god he flies;
In cords the struggling captive ties.

Now, PROTEUS, now (to truth compell'd)
Speak, and confess thy art excell'd.
Use strength, surprise, or what you will,
The COURTIER finds evasion still;
Not to be bound by any ties,
And never forc'd to leave his lies.





THE MASTIFFS.

THOSE who in quarrels interpose,
Must often wipe a bloody nose.

A MASTIFF, of true ENGLISH blood,
Lov'd fighting better than his food ;
When DOGS were snarling for a bone,
He long'd to make the war his own ;
And often found, when two contend,
To interpose obtain'd his end.
He glory'd in his limping pace ;
The scars of honour seam'd his face ;
In every limb a gash appears,
And frequent fights retrench'd his ears.

As on a time, he heard from far
Two DOGS engag'd in noisy war,

Away he scours, and lays about him,
Resolv'd no fray should be without him.

Forth from his yard a TANNER flies,
And to the bold intruder cries:

A cudgel shall correct your manners,
Whence sprung this cursed hate to TANNERS?
While on my DOG you vent your spite,
Sirrah! 'tis me you dare not bite.

To see the battle thus perplexed,
With equal rage a BUTCHER, vext,
Hoarse-screaming from the circled crowd,
To the curst MASTIFF cries aloud:—

Both HOCKLEY-HOLE and MARY-BONE
The combats of my DOG have known;
He ne'er, like bullies, coward-hearted,
Attacks in public, to be parted;
Think not, rash fool, to share his fame:
Be his the honour or the shame.

Thus said, they swore, and rav'd like thunder;
Then dragg'd their fasten'd dogs asunder;
While clubs and kicks from ev'ry side
Rebounded from the MASTIFF's hide.

All reeking now with sweat and blood,
Awhile the parted warriors stood,

Then pour'd upon the meddling foe ;
Who, worried, howl'd, and sprawl'd below :
He rose ; and limping from the fray,
By both sides mangled, sneak'd away.



*J. Hall Sculp.*

THE BARLEY-MOW AND THE DUNGHILL.

How many saucy airs we meet
 From TEMPLE-BAR to ALDGATE-STREET?
 Proud rogues, who shar'd the SOUTH-SEA prey,
 And sprung like mushrooms in a day!
 They think it mean to condescend
 To know a brother or a friend;
 'They blush to hear their mother's name,
 And by their pride expose their shame.

As cross his yard, at early day,
 A careful FARMER took his way,
 He stopp'd, and leaning on his fork,
 Observ'd the flail's incessant work;
 In thought he measur'd all his store,
 His geese, his hogs, he number'd o'er;
 In fancy weigh'd the fleeces shorn,
 And multiply'd the next year's corn.

A BARLEY-MOW, which stood beside,
Thus to its musing master cry'd:—

Say, good sir, is it fit or right
To treat me with neglect and slight?
Me, who contribute to your cheer,
And raise your mirth with ale and beer?
Why thus insulted, thus disgrac'd,
And that vile DUNGHILL near me plac'd?
Are those poor sweepings of a groom,
That filthy sight! that nauseous fume!
Meet objects here? Command it hence:
A thing so mean must give offence.

The humble DUNGHILL thus reply'd:—
Thy master hears and mocks thy pride:
Insult not thus the meek and low;
In me thy benefactor know;
My warm assistance gave thee birth,
Or thou hadst perish'd low in earth;
But upstarts, to support their station,
Cancel at once all obligation.



PYTHAGORAS AND THE COUNTRYMAN.

PYTHAG'RAS rose at early dawn,
 By soaring meditation drawn,
 To breathe the fragrance of the day,
 Through flow'ry fields he took his way.
 In musing contemplation warm,
 His steps misled him to a farm,
 Where, on the ladder's topmost round,
 A PEASANT stood; the hammer's sound
 Shook the weak barn. Say, friend, what care
 Calls for thy honest labour there?

The CLOWN, with surly voice replies—
 Vengeance aloud for justice cries.
 This KITE, by daily rapine fed,
 My hens annoy, my turkies dread,
 At length his forfeit life has paid;
 See on the wall his wings display'd,

Here nail'd, a terror to his kind,
My fowls shall future safety find;
My yard the thriving poultry feed,
And my barn's refuse fat the breed.

Friend, says the SAGE, the doom is wise;
For public good the murd'rer dies;
But if these tyrants of the air
Demand a sentence so severe,
Think how the glutton man devours;
What bloody feasts regale his hours!
O impudence of pow'r and might,
Thus to condemn a hawk or kite,
When thou, perhaps, carniv'rous sinner,
Hadst pullets yesterday for dinner!

Hold, cry'd the CLOWN, with passion heated,
Shall kites and men alike be treated?
When heav'n the world with creatures stor'd,
Man was ordain'd their sov'reign lord.

Thus tyrants boast, the SAGE reply'd,
Whose murders spring from power and pride.
Own then this manlike kite is slain
Thy greater lux'ry to sustain;
For "petty rogues submit to fate,
That great ones may enjoy their state *."

* Garth's Dispensary.



THE FARMER'S WIFE AND THE RAVEN.

WHY are those tears ? Why droops your head ?
Is, then, your other husband dead ?
Or does a worse disgrace betide ?
Hath no one since his death apply'd ?

Alas ! you know the cause too well,
The salt is spilt ; to me it fell.
Then, to contribute to my loss,
My knife and fork were laid across,
ON FRIDAY, too ! the day I dread !
Would I were safe at home in bed !
Last night (I vow to heav'n 'tis true !)
Bounce from the fire a coffin flew.
Next post some fatal news shall tell.
God send my CORNISH friends be well !

Unhappy WIDOW, cease thy tears,
Nor feel affliction in thy fears ;

Let not thy stomach be suspended—
Eat now, and weep when dinner's ended ;
And, when the butler clears the table,
For thy dessert, I'll read my fable.

Betwixt her swagging pannier's load
A FARMER'S WIFE to market rode,
And, jogging on, with thoughtful care
Summ'd up the profits of her ware ;
When, starting from her silver dream,
Thus far and wide was heard her scream :—

That RAVEN on yon left-hand oak
(Curse on his ill-betiding croak !)
Bodes me no good. No more she said,
When poor blind BALL, with stumbling tread,
Fell prone ; o'erturn'd the pannier lay,
And her mash'd eggs bestrew'd the way.

She, sprawling in the yellow road,
Rail'd, swore and curs'd—Thou croaking toad,
A murrain take thy whoreson throat !
I knew misfortune in the note.

DAME, quoth the RAVEN, spare your oaths,
Unclench your fist, and wipe your clothes.
But why on me those curses thrown ?
GOODY, the fault was all your own ;
For, had you laid this brittle ware
On DUN, the old sure-footed MARE,

Though all the RAVENS of the HUNDRED
With croaking had your tongue out-thunder'd,
Sure-footed DUN had kept his legs,
And you, GOOD WOMAN, sav'd your eggs.





THE TURKEY AND THE ANT.

IN other men we faults can spy,
 And blame the mote that dims their eye,
 Each little speck and blemish find ;
 To our own stronger errors blind.

A TURKEY, tir'd of common food,
 Forsook the barn, and sought the wood ;
 Behind her ran her infant train,
 Collecting here and there a grain.

Draw near, my birds, the mother cries,
 This hill delicious fare supplies ;
 Behold the busy NEGRO race ;
 See, millions blacken all the place !
 Fear not. Like me, with freedom eat ;
 An ANT is most delightful meat.

How blest, how envy'd, were our life,
Could we but 'scape the POULT'RER's knife !
But man, curst man, on TURKEYS preys,
And CHRISTMAS shortens all our days ;
Sometimes with OYSTERS we combine,
Sometimes assist the sav'ry CHINE :
From the low peasant to the lord,
The TURKEY smokes on ev'ry board.
Sure men for gluttony are curst,
Of the sev'n deadly sins the worst.

An ANT, who climb'd beyond his reach,
Thus answer'd from the neighb'ring beech :—
Ere you remark another's sin,
Bid thy own conscience look within.
Controul thy more voracious bill,
Nor for a breakfast nations kill.





J. Hall sculp.

THE FATHER AND JUPITER.

THE MAN to JOVE his suit preferr'd;
He begg'd a wife: his prayer was heard.
JOVE wonder'd at his bold addressing;
For how precarious is the blessing!

A wife he takes: and now for heirs
Again he worries heav'n with pray'rs.
JOVE nods assent; two hopeful boys
And a fine girl reward his joys.

Now more solicitous he grew,
And set their future lives in view;
He saw that all respect and duty
Were paid to wealth, to power, and beauty.

Once more, he cries, accept my pray'r;
Make my lov'd progeny thy care:

Let my first hope, my fav'rite boy,
All FORTUNE's richest gifts enjoy.
My next with strong ambition fire;
May favour teach him to aspire,
Till he the step of power ascend,
And courtiers to their idol bend!
With ev'ry grace, with ev'ry charm,
My daughter's perfect features arm :
If heav'n approve, a FATHER's blest.
JOVE smiles, and grants his full request.

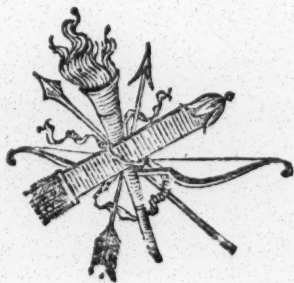
The first, a miser at the heart,
Studious of ev'ry griping art,
Heaps hoards on hoards with anxious pain,
And all his life devotes to gain;
He feels no joy, his cares increase,
He neither wakes nor sleeps in peace;
In fancy'd want (a wretch complete !)
He starves, and yet he dares not eat.

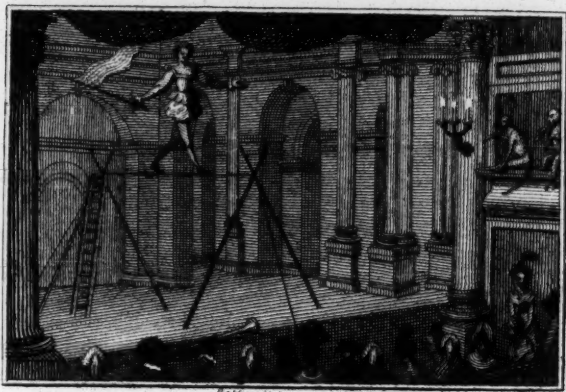
The next to sudden honours grew;
The thriving art of courts he knew;
He reach'd the height of power and place,
Then fell the victim of disgrace.

Beauty with early bloom supplies
His daughter's cheeks, and points her eyes.
The vain coquette each suit disdains,
And glories in her lover's pains.

With age she fades; each lover flies;
Contemn'd, forlorn, she pines and dies.

When JOVE the FATHER's grief survey'd,
And heard him heav'n and fate upbraid,
Thus spoke the GOD :—By outward show
Men judge of happiness and woe.
Shall ignorance of good and ill
Dare to direct th' eternal will?
Seek virtue; and, of that possess,
To PROVIDENCE resign the rest.





THE TWO MONKEYS.

THE learned, full of inward pride,
 The fops of outward show deride ;
 The fop, with learning at defiance,
 Scoffs at the pedant and the science :
 The **DON**, a formal, solemn strutter,
 Despises **MONSIEUR**'s airs and flutter ;
 While **MONSIEUR** mocks the formal fool,
 Who looks, and speaks, and walks by rule.
BRITAIN, a medley of the twain,
 As pert as **FRANCE**, as grave as **SPAIN**,
 In fancy wiser than the rest,
 Laughs at them both—of both the jest.
 Is not the poet's chiming close
 Censur'd by all the sons of prose ?
 While bards of quick imagination
 Despise the sleepy prose narration.

Men laugh at APES, they men contemn ;
For what are we but APES to them ?

TWO MONKEYS went to SOUTHWARK fair ;
No critics had a sourer air ;
They forc'd their way through draggled folks,
Who gap'd to catch JACK-PUDDING's jokes :
Then took their tickets for the show,
And got by chance the foremost row.

To see their grave observing face
Provok'd a laugh through all the place.

Brother, says PUG, and turn'd his head,
The rabble's monstrously ill-bred.

Now through the booth loud hisses ran ;
Nor ended till the show began.

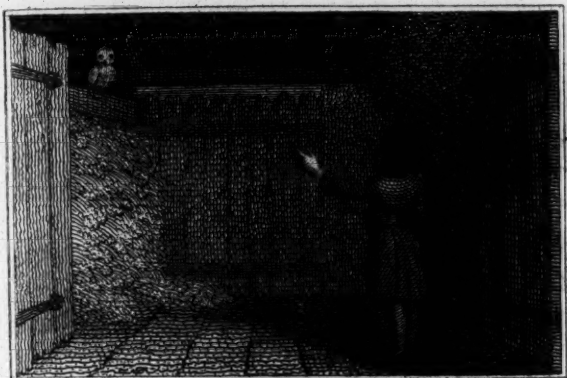
The tumbler whirls the flip-flap round ;
With sommersets he shakes the ground ;
The cord beneath the dancer springs ;
Aloft in air the vaulter swings ;
Distorted now, now prone depends,
Now through his twisted arms ascends ;
The crowd, in wonder and delight,
With clapping hands applaud the sight.

With smiles, quoth PUG, if pranks like these
The giant APES of reason please,

How would they wonder at our arts !
They must adore us for our parts.
High on the twig I've seen you cling,
Play, twist and turn in airy ring ;
How can those clumsy things, like me,
Fly with a bound from tree to tree ?
But yet, by this applause, we find
These emulators of our kind
Discern our worth, our parts regard,
Who our mean mimics thus reward.

Brother, the grinning MATE replies,
In this I grant that man is wise ;
While good example they pursue,
We must allow some praise is due ;
But, when they strain beyond their guide,
I laugh to scorn the mimic pride.
For how fantastic is the sight,
To meet men always bolt upright,
Because we sometimes walk on two !—
I hate the imitating crew.





THE OWL AND THE FARMER.

AN OWL, of grave deport and mien,
 Who, like the TURK, was seldom seen,
 Within a BARN had chose his station,
 As fit for prey and contemplation.
 Upon a beam aloft he sits,
 And nods, and seems to think, by fits.
 So have I seen a man of pews,
 Or POST-BOY, OR GAZETTE, peruse,
 Smoke, nod, and talk with voice profound,
 And fix the fate of EUROPE round.

Sheaves pil'd on sheaves hid all the floor.
 At dawn of morn, to view his store,
 The FARMER came. The hooting guest
 His self-importance thus exprest:—

Reason in man is mere pretence :
How weak, how shallow, is his sense !
To treat with scorn the bird of night,
Declares his folly or his spite.
Then, too, how partial is his praise !
'The LARK's, the LINNET's, chirping lays
To his ill-judging ears are fine ;
And NIGHTINGALES are all divine.
But the more knowing feather'd race
See wisdom stamp'd upon my face.
Whene'er to visit light I deign,
What flocks of fowl compose my train !
Like slaves, they crowd my flight behind,
And own me of superior kind.

The FARMER laugh'd, and thus reply'd :—
Thou dull important lump of pride,
Dar'st thou with that harsh grating tongue
Depreciate birds of warbling song ?
Indulge thy spleen. Know, men and fowl
Regard thee, as thou art, an OWL.
Besides, proud blockhead, be not vain
Of what thou call'st thy slaves and train.
Few follow WISDOM or her rules—
Fools in derision follow fools.



THE JUGGLERS.

A JUGGLER long through all the town
 Had rais'd his fortune and renown.
 You'd think (so far his art transcends)
 The DEVIL at his fingers ends.

VICE heard his fame, she read his bill;
 Convinc'd of his inferior skill,
 She sought his booth, and from the crowd
 Defy'd the man of art aloud.

Is this, then, he so fam'd for slight?
 Can this slow bungler cheat your sight?
 Dares he with me dispute the prize?
 I leave it to impartial eyes.

Provok'd, the JUGGLER cry'd, 'tis done;
 In science I submit to none.

Thus said, the cups and balls he play'd;
By turns this here, that there, convey'd.
The cards, obedient to his words,
Are by a fillip turn'd to birds.
His little boxes change the grain:
Trick after trick deludes the train.
He shakes his bag, he shows all fair;
His fingers spreads, and nothing there:
Then bids it rain with showers of gold;
And now his ivory eggs are told:
But, when from thence the hen he draws,
Amaz'd spectators hum applause.

VICE now stept forth, and took the place,
With all the forms of his grimace.

This magic looking-glass, she cries,
(There, hand it round) will charm your eyes.
Each eager eye the sight desir'd,
And every man himself admir'd.

Next, to a senator addressing,
See this bank-note; observe the blessing,
Breathe on the bill. Heigh! pass! 'Tis gone;
Upon his lips a padlock shone.
A second puff the magic broke;
The padlock vanish'd, and he spoke.

Twelve bottles rang'd upon the board,
All full, with heady liquor stor'd,

By clean conveyance disappear,
And now two bloody swords are there.

A purse she to a thief expos'd,
At once his ready fingers clos'd;
He opes his fist, the treasure's fled,
He sees a halter in its stead.

She bids AMBITION hold a wand;
He grasps a hatchet in his hand.

A box of charity she shows.
Blow here; and a church-warden blows.
'Tis vanish'd with conveyance neat,
And on the table smokes a treat.

She shakes the dice, the board she knocks,
And from all pockets fills her box.

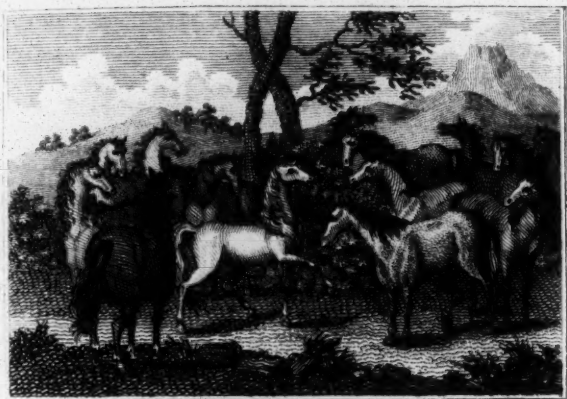
She next a meagre rake address:
This picture see; her shape, her breast!
What youth, and what inviting eyes!
Hold her, and have her. With surprise,
His hand expos'd a box of pills,
And a loud laugh proclaim'd his ills.

A counter, in a miser's hand,
Grew twenty guineas at command.
She bids his heir the sum retain,
And 'tis a counter now again.

A guinea with her touch you see
Take ev'ry shape but CHARITY ;
And not one thing you saw, or drew,
But chang'd from what was first in view.

The JUGGLER now, in grief of heart,
With this submission own'd her art :—
Can I such matchless slight withstand ?
How practice hath improv'd your hand !
But now and then I cheat the throng ;
You every day, and all day long !





THE COUNCIL OF HORSES.

UPON a time a neighing STEED,
 Who graz'd among a num'rous breed,
 With mutiny had fir'd the train,
 And spread dissension through the plain.
 On matters that concern'd the state
 The council met in grand debate.
 A COLT, whose eye-balls flam'd with ire,
 Elate with strength and youthful fire,
 In haste stept forth before the rest,
 And thus the list'ning throng address:—

Good gods ! how abject is our race,
 Condemn'd to slav'ry and disgrace !
 Shall we our servitude retain,
 Because our sires have borne the chain ?
 Consider, friends, your strength and might ;
 'Tis conquest to assert your right.

How cumb'rous is the gilded coach !
The pride of man is our reproach.
Were we design'd for daily toil,
To drag the plough-share through the soil,
To sweat in harness through the road,
To groan beneath the CARRIER's load ?
How feeble are the two-legg'd kind !
What force is in our neryes combin'd !
Shall, then, our nobler jaws submit
To foam and champ the galling BIT ?
Shall haughty MAN my back bestride ?
Shall the sharp SPUR provoke my side ?
Forbid it, heav'n's ! Reject the rein ;
Your shame, your infamy disdain.
Let him the LION first controul,
And still the TIGER's famish'd growl :
Let us, like them, our freedom claim,
And make him tremble at our name.

A gen'ral nod approv'd the cause,
And all the circle neigh'd applause.

When, lo, with grave and solemn pace
A STEED advanc'd before the race ;
With age and long experience wise,
Around he cast his thoughtful eyes,
And, to the murmurs of the train,
Thus spoke the NESTOR of the plain :—

When I had health and strength, like you,
The toils of servitude I knew ;

Now grateful man rewards my pains,
And gives me all these wide domains ;
At will I crop the year's increase,
My latter life is rest and peace.
I grant to man we lend our pains,
And aid him to correct the plains ;
But doth not he divide the care
Through all the labours of the year ?
How many thousand structures rise,
To fence us from inclement skies !
For us he bears the sultry day,
And stores up all our winter's hay ;
He sows, he reaps the harvest's gain :—
We share the toil, and share the grain !
Since ev'ry creature was decreed
To aid each other's mutual need,
Appease your discontented mind,
And act the part by heav'n assign'd.

The tumult ceas'd. The COLT submitted,
And, like his ancestors, was BITTED.



THE HOUND AND THE HUNTSMAN.

IMPERTINENCE at first is borne
 With heedless slight, or smiles of scorn ;
 Teas'd into wrath, what patience bears
 The noisy fool who perseveres ?

The morning wakes, the huntsman sounds,
 At once rush forth the joyful hounds ;
 They seek the wood with eager pace,
 Through bush, through brier, explore the chase :
 Now scatter'd wide they try the plain,
 And snuff the dewy turf in vain.
 What care, what industry, what pains !
 What universal silence reigns !

RINGWOOD, a DOG of little fame,
 Young, pert, and ignorant of game,

At once displays his babbling throat ;
The **PACK**, regardless of the note,
Pursue the scent ; with louder strain
He still persists to vex the train.

The **HUNTSMAN** to the clamour flies,
The smacking lash he smartly plies ;
His ribs all welk'd, with howling tone
The **PUPPY** thus express'd his moan :—

I know the music of my tongue
Long since the **PACK** with envy stung ;
What will not spite ? These bitter smarts
I owe to my superior parts.

When **PUPPIES** prate, the **HUNTSMAN** cry'd,
They shew both ignorance and pride ;
Fools may our scorn, not envy, raise,
For envy is a kind of praise.
Had not thy forward noisy tongue
Proclaim'd thee always in the wrong,
Thou might'st have mingled with the rest,
And ne'er thy foolish nose confest ;
But fools, to talking ever prone,
Are sure to make their follies known.



THE POET AND THE ROSE.

I HATE the man who builds his name
 On ruins of another's fame.
 Thus prudes, by characters o'erthrown,
 Imagine that they raise their own :
 'Thus scribblers, covetous of praise,
 Think slander can transplant the bays.
 Beauties and bards have equal pride ;
 With both all rivals are decry'd.
 Who praises *LESBIA*'s eyes and feature,
 Must call her sister awkward creature ;
 For the kind flatt'ry's sure to charm,
 When we some other nymph disarm.

As in the cool of early day
 A POET sought the sweets of MAY,
 The garden's fragrant breath ascends,
 And ev'ry stalk with odour bends.

A rose he pluck'd—he gaz'd, admir'd;
Thus singing, as the MUSE inspir'd :—

Go, ROSE, my CHLOE's bosom grace ;

How happy should I prove,
Might I supply that envy'd place
With never-fading love !

There, PHŒNIX like, beneath her eye,
Involv'd in fragrance, burn and die !
Know, hapless flow'r, that thou shalt find
More fragrant ROSES there.

I see thy with'ring head reclin'd
With envy and despair !
One common fate we both must prove ;
You die with envy, I with love.

Spare your comparisons, reply'd
An angry ROSE, who grew beside ;
Of all mankind you should not flout us ;
What can a POET do without us !
In ev'ry love-song ROSES bloom ;
We lend you colour and perfume.
Does it to CHLOE's charms conduce,
To found her praise on our abuse ?
Must we, to flatter her, be made
To wither, envy, pine, and fade ?



THE CUR, THE HORSE, AND THE SHEPHERD'S DOG.

THE lad of all sufficient merit
 With modesty ne'er damps his spirit ;
 Presuming on his own deserts,
 On all alike his tongue exerts ;
 His noisy jokes at random throws,
 And pertly spatters friends and foes ;
 In wit and war the bully race
 Contribute to their own disgrace.
 Too late the forward youth shall find
 That jokes are sometimes paid in kind ;
 Or, if they canker in the breast,
 He makes a foe who makes a jest.

A village **CUR**, of snappish race,
 The pertest **PUPPY** of the place,
 Imagin'd that his treble throat
 Was blest with music's sweetest note :

In the mid road he basking lay,
The yelping nuisance of the way ;
For not a creature pass'd along
But had a sample of his song.

Soon as the trotting STEED he hears,
He starts, he cocks his dapper ears ;
Away he scours, assaults his hoof,
Now near him snarls, now barks aloof ;
With shrill impertinence attends,
Nor leaves him till the village ends.

It chanc'd, upon his evil day,
A PAD came pacing down the way.
The CUR, with never-ceasing tongue,
Upon the passing trav'ler sprung.
The HORSE, from scorn provok'd to ire,
Flung backward ; rolling in the mire
The PUPPY howl'd, and bleeding lay :
The PAD in peace pursu'd his way.

A SHEPHERD'S DOG, who saw the deed,
Detesting the vexatious breed,
Bespoke him thus :—When coxcombs prate,
They kindle wrath, contempt, or hate.
Thy teasing tongue had judgment ty'd,
Thou hadst not like a PUPPY dy'd.



THE COURT OF DEATH.

DEATH, on a solemn night of state,
 In all his pomp of terrors sate.
 Th' attendants of his gloomy reign,
 Diseases dire, a ghastly train,
 Crowd the vast court. With hollow tone
 A voice thus thunder'd from the throne :—

This night our MINISTER we name,
 Let ev'ry servant speak his claim ;
 Merit shall bear this ebon wand.
 All, at the word, stretch'd forth their hand.

FEVER, with burning heat possess't,
 Advanc'd, and for the wand address :—

I to the weekly bills appeal,
 Let those express my fervent zeal ;

On ev'ry slight occasion near,
With violence I persevere.

Next GOUT appears with limping pace,
Pleads how he shifts from place to place,
From head to foot how swift he flies,
And ev'ry joint and sinew plies ;
Still working when he seems supprest,
A most tenacious stubborn guest.

A haggard spectre from the crew
Crawls forth, and thus asserts his due :—
'Tis I who taint the sweetest joy,
And in the shape of love destroy :
My shanks, sunk eyes, and noseless face,
Prove my pretension to the place.

STONE urg'd his ever-growing force.
And, next, CONSUMPTION's meagre corse,
With feeble voice, that scarce was heard,
Broke with short coughs, his suit preferr'd :—
Let none object my ling'ring way ;
I gain, like FABIVS, by delay,
Fatigue and weaken ev'ry foe.
By long attack, secure, though slow.

PLAGUE represents his rapid pow'r,
Who thinn'd a nation in an hour.

All spoke their claim, and hop'd the wand.
Now expectation hush'd the band ;
When thus the MONARCH from the throne :—

Merit was ever modest known.
What, no physician speak his right !
None here ? But fees their toils requite.
Let then INTEMP'RANCE take the wand,
Who fills with gold their zealous hand.
You, FEVER, GOUT, and all the rest,
(Whom wary men as foes detest)
Forego your claim ; no more pretend :
INTEMP'RANCE is esteem'd a friend—
He shares their mirth, their social joys,
And, as a courted guest, destroys ;
The charge on him must justly fall,
Who finds employment for you all.



*THE GARDENER AND THE HOG.*

A GARD'NER, of peculiar taste,
 On a young HOG his favour plac'd,
 Who fed not with the common herd,
 His tray was to the hall preferr'd;
 He wallow'd underneath the board,
 Or in his master's chamber snor'd,
 Who fondly strok'd him ev'ry day,
 And taught him all the puppy's play.
 Where'er he went, the grunting friend
 Ne'er fail'd his pleasure to attend.

As on a time the loving pair
 Walk'd forth to tend the GARDEN's care,
 The MASTER thus address the SWINE :—

My HOUSE, my GARDEN, all is thine;
 On TURNIPS feast whene'er you please,
 And riot in my BEANS and PEAS;

If the POTATO's taste delights,
Or the red CARROT's sweet invites,
Indulge thy morn and ev'ning hours,
But let due care regard my FLOW'RS;
My TULIPS are my GARDEN's pride—
What vast expence those beds supply'd !

The HOG by chance one morning roam'd
Where with new ale the vessels foam'd;
He munches now the steaming grains,
Now with full swill the liquor drains.
Intoxicating fumes arise,
He reels, he rolls his winking eyes;
Then, stagg'ring, through the GARDEN scours,
And treads down painted ranks of flow'rs;
With delving snout he turns the soil,
And cools his palate with the spoil.

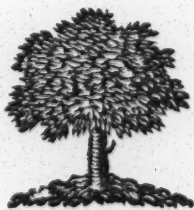
The MASTER came, the ruin spy'd.
Villain, suspend thy rage ! he cry'd :
Hast thou, thou most ungrateful sot,
My charge, my only charge, forgot ?
What, all my flow'rs ! No more he said ;
But gaz'd, and sigh'd, and hung his head.

The HOG with stutt'ring speech returns :—
Explain, sir, why your anger burns ;
See there, untouch'd, your TULIPS strown,
For I devour'd the roots alone !

At this the GARD'NER's passion grows ;
From oaths and threats he fell to blows ;
The stubborn brute the blows sustains,
Assaults his leg, and tears the veins.

Ah ! foolish swain, too late you find
That styes were for such friends design'd !

Homeward he limps with painful pace,
Reflecting thus on past disgrace :—
Who cherishes a brutal mate
Shall mourn the folly soon or late.





THE MAN AND THE FLEA.

WHETHER on earth, in air, or main,
 Sure ev'ry thing alive is vain !
 Does not the **HAWK** all fowls survey,
 As destin'd only for his prey ?
 And do not tyrants, prouder things,
 Think men were born for slaves to kings ?

When the **CRAW** views the pearly strands,
 Or **TAGUS**, bright with golden sands,
 Or crawls beside the coral grove,
 And hears the ocean roll above ;
 Nature is too profuse, says he,
 Who gave all these to pleasure me !

When bord'ring **PINKS** and **ROSES** bloom,
 And ev'ry garden breathes perfume ;
 When peaches glow with sunny dyes,
 Like **LAURA**'s cheek when blushes rise ;
 When with huge **FIGS** the branches bend ;
 When clusters from the **VINE** depend ;

The **SNAIL** looks round on flow'r and tree,
And cries :—All these were made for me !

What dignity's in human nature !
Says **MAN**, the most conceited creature,
As from a cliff he cast his eye,
And view'd the sea and arched sky.
The sun was sunk beneath the main ;
The moon and all the starry train
Hung the vast vault of heav'n. The **MAN**
His contemplation thus began :—

When I behold this glorious show,
And the wide wat'ry world below,
The scaly people of the main,
The beasts that range the wood or plain,
The wing'd inhabitants of air,
The day, the night, the various year ;
And know all these by heav'n design'd
As gifts to pleasure human kind,
I cannot raise my worth too high—
Of what vast consequence am I !

Not of th' importance you suppose,
Replies a **FLEA** upon his nose :
Be humble, learn thyself to scan ;
Know, pride was never made for **MAN**.
'Tis vanity that swells thy mind.
What, heav'n and earth for thee design'd !
For thee ! made only for our need ;
That more important **FLEAS** might feed.

[s



THE HARE AND MANY FRIENDS.

FRIENDSHIP, like LOVE, is but a name,
 Unless to one you stint the flame;
 The child, whom many fathers share,
 Hath seldom known a father's care.
 'Tis thus in friendships; who depend
 On many, rarely find a friend.

A HARE, who in a civil way,
 Comply'd with every thing, like GAY,
 Was known by all the bestial train,
 Who haunt the wood, or graze the plain.
 Her care was never to offend,
 And ev'ry creature was her friend.

As forth she went at early dawn,
 To taste the dew-besprinkled lawn,

Behind she hears the hunter's cries,
And from the deep-mouth'd thunder flies.
She starts, she stops, she pants for breath;
She hears the near advance of death;
She doubles to mislead the hound,
And measures back her mazy round;
Till fainting in the public way,
Half dead with fear, she gasping lay.

What transport in her bosom grew,
When first the HORSE appear'd in view!

Let me, says she, your back ascend,
And owe my safety to a friend.
You know my feet betray my flight.
To friendship every burden's light.

The HORSE reply'd:—Poor honest PUSS,
It grieves my heart to see thee thus.
Be comforted, relief is near;
For all your friends are in the rear.

She next the stately BULL implor'd;
And thus reply'd the mighty lord:—
Since ev'ry beast alive can tell
That I sincerely wish you well,
I may, without offence, pretend
To take the freedom of a friend.
Love calls me hence; a fav'rite cow
Expects me near yon barley-mow;

And when a lady's in the case,
You know, all other things give place.
To leave you thus might seem unkind;
But see, the GOAT is just behind.

The GOAT remark'd her pulse was high,
Her languid head, her heavy eye—
My back, says he, may do you harm;
The SHEEP's at hand, and wool is warm.

The SHEEP was feeble, and complain'd
His sides a load of wool sustain'd:
Said he was slow, confest his fears;
For hounds eat SHEEP as well as HARES.

She now the trotting CALF address'd,
To save from death a friend distrest.

Shall I, says he, of tender age,
In this important care engage?
Older and abler pass'd you by;
How strong are those! how weak am I!
Should I presume to bear you hence,
Those friends of mine may take offence.
Excuse me, then—You know my heart:
But dearest friends, alas! must part.
How shall we all lament! Adieu!
For see the hounds are just in view.

